IOM INSTALLATION OPERATION & MAINTENANCE

A101

METAL 1 INCH AIR-OPERATED DOUBLE-DIAPHRAGM PUMP

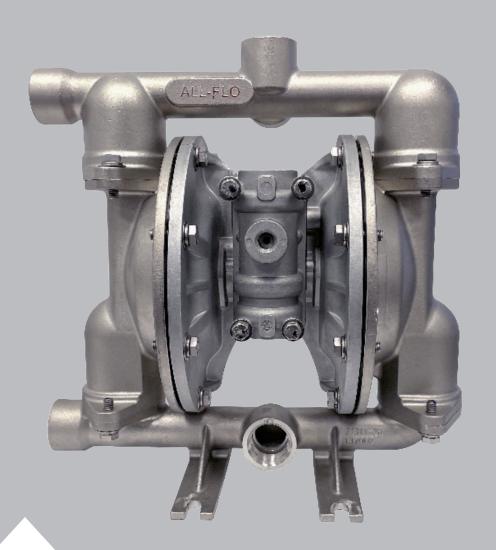










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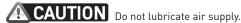


CAUTIONS — READ FIRST!

READ THESE WARNINGS AND SAFETY PRECAUTIONS PRIOR TO INSTALLATION OR OPERATION. FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THESE INSTRUCTIONS COULD RESULT IN PERSONAL INJURY AND OR PROPERTY DAMAGE. RETAIN THESE INSTRUCTIONS FOR FUTURE REFERENCE.

CAUTION Always wear safety glasses when operating a pump to avoid eye injury. If diaphragm rupture occurs, material being pumped may be forced out of the air exhaust.

CAUTION Do not connect a compressed air source to the exhaust port of the pump.



air-inlet pressure.

CAUTION Do not exceed 120 psig (8.3 bar)

CAUTION Do not exceed 10 psig (0.7 bar) or 23 ft-H₂0 suction pressure.

CAUTION The temperature of the process fluid and air input must be no more than the maximum temperature allowed for the appropriate non-metallic material. See the list of temperatures below for each material's maximum recommended temperature:

Buna-N (Nitrile):	10°F to 180°F (-12°C to 82°C)
Bunalast™:	-40°F to 266°F (-40°C to 130°C)
EPDM:	-40°F to 280°F (-40°C to 138°C)
FKM:	-40°F to 350°F (-40°C to 177°C)
Hytrel®:	-20°F to 220°F (-29°C to 104°C)
Nylon:	0°F to 200°F (-18°C to 93°C)
PTFE:	40°F to 220°F (4°C to 104°C)
Polyethylene:	32°F to 158°F (0°C to 70°C)
Polypropylene:	32°F to 180°F (0°C to 82°C)
Polyurethane:	10°F to 150°F (-12°C to 66°C)
PVDF:	0°F to 250°F (-18°C to 121°C)
Santoprene®:	-40°F to 225°F (-40°C to 107°C)
Urethane:	-65°F to 220°F (-54°C to 104°C)

Temperature limits are solely based upon mechanical stress and certain chemicals will reduce the maximum operating temperature. The allowable temperature range for the process fluid is determined by the materials in contact with the fluid being pumped. Consult a chemical resistance guide for chemical compatibility and a more precise safe temperature limit. Always use minimum air pressure when pumping at elevated temperatures.

ON It is the end user's responsibility to maintain the process fluid's temperature during use.

• CAUTION Ensure all wetted components are chemically compatible with the process fluid and the cleaning fluid.

• WARNING = Hazards or unsafe practices which could result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage

CAUTION = Hazards or unsafe practices which could result in minor personal injury, product or property damage.

WARNING Prior to servicing the pump, ensure that the air and fluid lines are closed and disconnected. While wearing personal protective equipment, flush, drain and process liquid from the pump in a safe manner.

WARNING Maintenance must not be performed when a hazardous atmosphere is present.

damage prior to use.

CAUTION The equipment must be inspected for visible

CAUTION Ensure pump is thoroughly cleaned and flushed prior to installation into a process line.

CAUTION Blow out all compressed air lines in order to remove any debris, prior to pump installation. Ensure that the muffler is properly installed prior to pump operation.

CAUTION Ensure air exhaust is piped to atmosphere prior to a submerged installation.

<u>CAUTION</u> Ensure all hardware is set to correct torque values

prior to operation.

WARNING Pump, valves and all containers must be properly grounded prior to handling flammable fluids and/or whenever static electricity is a hazard.

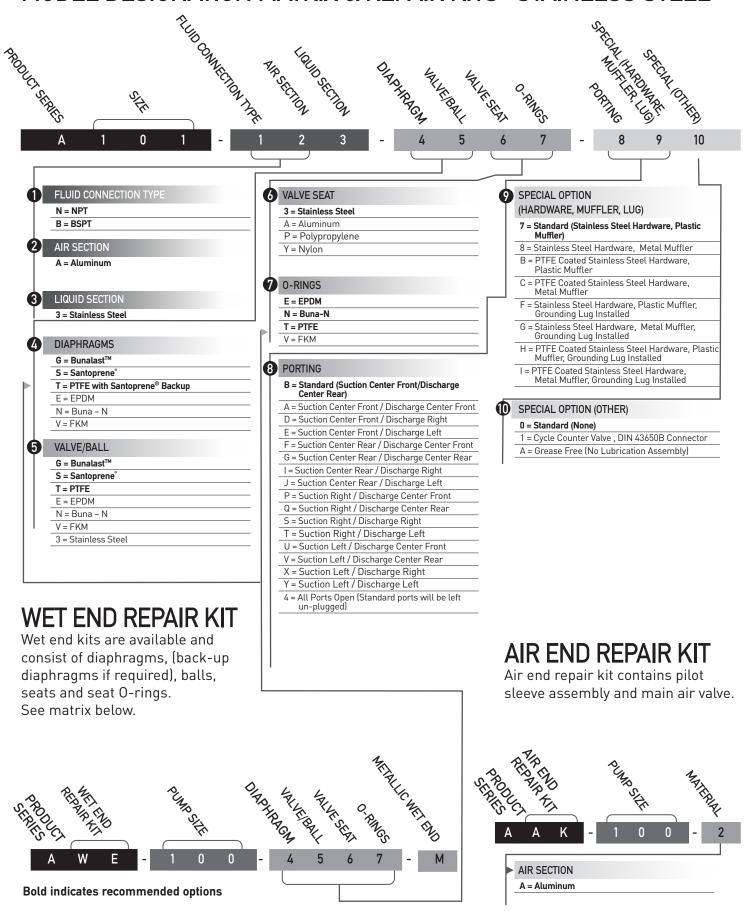
WARNING The Safety Supplement document is a part of the manual. Please refer to the Safety Supplement document for a complete list of safety considerations including considerations for safe operation and maintenance of pumps marked for ATEX environments before starting the pump.

WARNING This product can expose you to chemicals including Nickel, Chromium, Cadmium, or Cobalt, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer and/or birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information, go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.



NOTES:

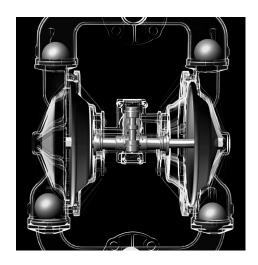
MODEL DESIGNATION MATRIX & REPAIR KITS-STAINLESS STEEL





PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION

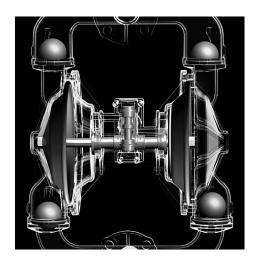
HOW AN AIR OPERATED DOUBLE DIAPHRAGM PUMP WORKS



The air-valve directs pressurized air behind the diaphragm on the right, causing the diaphragm on the right to move outward (to the right).

Since both the right diaphragm and the left diaphragm are connected via a diaphragm rod, when the right diaphragm moves to the right, the left diaphragm (through the action of the diaphragm rod) moves to the right also.

When the diaphragm on the left side is moving to the right, it is referred to as suction stroke. When the left diaphragm is in its suction stroke, the left suction ball moves upward (opens) and the left discharge ball moves downward (closes). This action creates suction and draws liquid into the left side chamber.



The air-valve directs pressurized air behind the left diaphragm, causing the left diaphragm to move outward (to the left).

Since both the left diaphragm and the right diaphragm are connected via a diaphragm rod, when the left diaphragm moves to the left, the right diaphragm (through the action of the diaphragm rod) moves to the left also.

When the diaphragm on the left side moves outward, the left discharge ball moves upward (opens) and the left suction ball moves downward (closes). This causes the liquid to leave the left side liquid outlet of the pump.

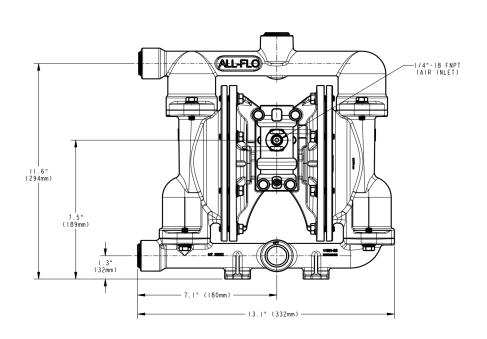
Simultaneously, the right diaphragm moves inward (to the left), which causes the right suction ball to open and the right discharge to close, which in turn causes suction, drawing liquid into the right chamber.

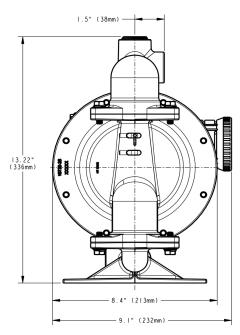
The process of alternating right suction / left discharge (and vice-versa) continues as long as compressed air is supplied to the pump.

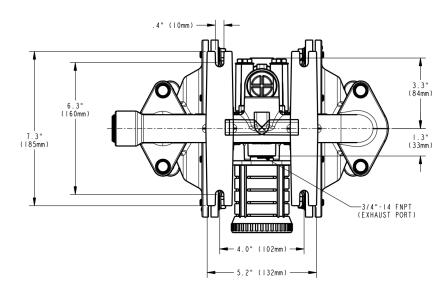


1" PUMP DIMENSIONS

STAINLESS STEEL





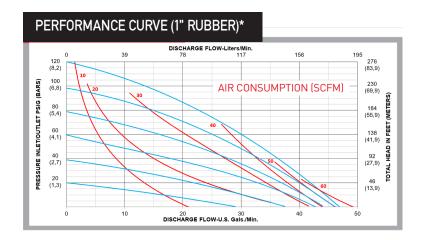


^{*}Note - Suction Center Front / Discharge Center Rear are default ports. See part number matrix option code for additional porting options.

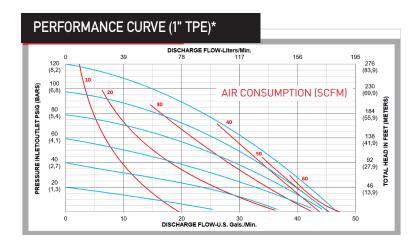
^{**}Note - Standard Muffler Shown



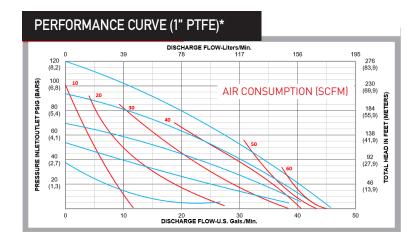
PERFORMANCE CURVES



Performance Specifications	
Max. Flow:	48 gpm (182 lpm)
Max. Air Pressure:	120 psi (8.3 bar)
Max. Solids:	1/4" (6.4 mm)
Max. Suction Lift Dry:	17 ft-H ₂ 0 (5.2 m-H ₂ 0)
Max. Suction Lift Wet:	30 ft-H ₂ 0 (9.1 m-H ₂ 0)
Weight:	SS-38 lbs (17 kg)
Air Inlet:	1/4" FNPT
Liquid Inlet:	1" FNPT or 1" FBSPT
Liquid Outlet:	1" FNPT or 1" FBSPT
Height:	13.22" (336 mm)
Width:	13.1" (332 mm)
Depth:	9.1" (232 mm)



Performance Specifications	
Max. Flow:	48 gpm (182 lpm)
Max. Air Pressure:	120 psi (8.3 bar)
Max. Solids:	1/4" (6.4 mm)
Max. Suction Lift Dry:	17 ft-H ₂ 0 (5.2 m-H ₂ 0)
Max. Suction Lift Wet:	30 ft-H ₂ 0 (9.1 m-H ₂ 0)
Weight:	SS-38 lbs (17 kg)
Air Inlet:	1/4" FNPT
Liquid Inlet:	1" FNPT or 1" FBSPT
Liquid Outlet:	1" FNPT or 1" FBSPT
Height:	13.22" (336 mm)
Width:	13.1" (332 mm)
Depth:	9.1" (232 mm)
Liquid Inlet: Liquid Outlet: Height: Width:	1" FNPT or 1" FBSPT 1" FNPT or 1" FBSPT 13.22" (336 mm) 13.1" (332 mm)



Performance Specifications	
Max. Flow:	45 gpm (170 lpm)
Max. Air Pressure:	120 psi (8.3 bar)
Max. Solids:	1/4" (6.4 mm)
Max. Suction Lift Dry:	17 ft-H ₂ 0 (5.2 m-H ₂ 0)
Max. Suction Lift Wet:	30 ft-H ₂ 0 (9.1 m-H ₂ 0)
Weight:	SS-38 lbs (17 kg)
Air Inlet:	1/4" FNPT
Liquid Inlet:	1" FNPT or 1" FBSPT
Liquid Outlet:	1" FNPT or 1" FBSPT
Height:	13.22" (336 mm)
Width:	13.1" (332 mm)
Depth:	9.1" (232 mm)

^{*}Flow rates indicated on all three charts shown were determined by pumping water at flooded suction. For optimum life and performance, pumps should be specified so that daily operation parameters will fall in the center of the pump performance curve.



INSTALLATION, TROUBLESHOOTING AND MAINTENANCE

INSTALLATION PIPING

Whenever possible ensure the pump is installed using the shortest possible pipe lengths with the minimum amount of pipe fittings. Ensure all piping is supported independent of the pump.

Suction and discharge piping should not be smaller than the connection size of the pump. When pumping liquids of high viscosity, larger piping may be used, in order to reduce frictional pipe loss.

Employ flexible hoses in order to eliminate the vibration caused by the pump. Mounting feet can also be used to reduce vibration effects.

All hoses should be reinforced, non-collapsible and be capable of high vacuum service. Ensure that all piping and hoses are chemically compatible with the process and cleaning fluid.

For processes where pulsation effects should be reduced, employ a pulsation dampener on the discharge side of the pump.

For self-priming applications, ensure all connections are airtight and the application is within the pumps dry-lift capability. Refer to product specifications for further details.

For flooded suction applications, install a gate valve on the suction piping in order to facilitate service.

For unattended flooded suction operation, it is recommended to pipe the exhaust air above the liquid source. In the event of a diaphragm failure this will reduce or eliminate the possibility of liquid discharging through the exhaust onto the ground.

LOCATION

Ensure that the pump is installed in an accessible location, in order to facilitate future service and maintenance.

AIR

Ensure that the air supply is sufficient for the volume of air required by the pump. Refer to product specifications for further details. For reliable operation, install a 5 micron air filter, air-valve and pressure regulator. Do not exceed the pumps maximum operating pressure of 120 psig.

REMOTE OPERATION

Utilize a three way solenoid valve for remote operation. This ensures that air between the solenoid and the pump is allowed to "bleed off," ensuring reliable operation. Liquid transfer volume is estimated by multiplying displacement per stroke times the number of strokes per minute

NOISE

Correct installation of the muffler reduces sound levels. Refer to product specifications for further details.

SUBMERGED OPERATION

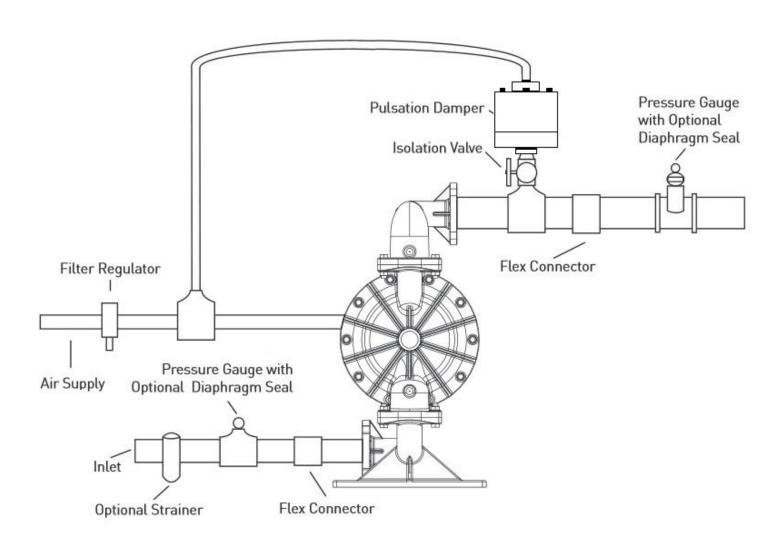
For submersible operation, pipe the air exhaust to atmosphere

GROUNDING THE PUMP

Loosen grounding screw and install a grounding wire. Tighten grounding screw. Wire size should be a 12 gauge wire or larger. Connect the other end of the wire to a true earth ground. Equipment must be grounded to achieve ATEX rating and it is recommended to configure the pump with a grounding lug option.



SUGGESTED INSTALLATION



This illustration is a generic representation of an air operated double-diaphragm pump.

TROUBLESHOOTING

PROBLEM

EFFECT/SOLUTION

Pump Will	. Not Cvcle
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Discharge line closed or plugged

Discharge filter blocked Check valve stuck

Air filter blocked
Air supply valve closed

Air supply hooked up to muffler side of pump Compressor not producing air or turned off

Muffler iced or blinded Diaphragm ruptured

Plant air supply line ruptured

Air valve wear/debris Pilot sleeve wear/debris Diaphragm rod broken Diaphragm plate loose

Pumped Fluid Coming Out of Muffler

Diaphragm ruptured Diaphragm plate loose

Inlet liquid pressure excessive (above 10 psig)

Pump Cycles but no Flow

Inlet strainer clogged Suction valve closed Suction line plugged No liquid in the suction tank

Suction lift excessive

Debris stuck in valves

Excessive wear of check valves

Air leak on suction side with suction lift

Pump Cycles with Closed Discharge Valve

Debris stuck in check valve Excessive wear of check valves

Pump Running Slowly/Not Steady

Air compressor undersized

Leak in air supply

Air-line, filter regulator or needle valve undersized

Muffler partially iced or blinded Air valve gasket leak or misalignment

Air valve wear/debris Pilot sleeve wear/debris Liquid fluid filter blocked

Pump may be cavitating, reduce speed of operation

Suction strainer clogged

Pump Will Not Prime

Air leak in suction pipe

Air leak in pump manifold connections Suction strainer and lines clogged

Excessive lift conditions Check valve wear Debris in check valve

OPERATION

The Air-Operated Double Diaphragm Pump requires a minimum of 20 psig of air to operate, with some variation according to diaphragm material. Increasing the air pressure results in a more rapid cycling of the pump and thus a higher liquid flow rate. In order to not exceed 120 psig of inlet air pressure, and for accurate control of the pump, it is suggested to use a pressure regulator on the air inlet.

An alternate means of controlling the flow-rate of the pump is to use an inlet air valve and partially open or close accordingly. When the air valve is completely in the closed position, the pump will cease to operate.

A third method of controlling the flow rate of the pump is to use a liquid discharge valve. Closing the liquid discharge valve will cause a decrease in the flow rate since the pump will operate against a higher discharge pressure.

Solenoid control of the inlet air may also be used in order to facilitate remote operation. A three way solenoid valve is recommended, in order to allow the air to "bleed off" between the solenoid and the pump.

Do not use valves for flow control on the suction side of the pump. (Closing or partially closing a liquid suction valve restrict the suction line and may cause damage to the diaphragms.) Suction strainers may be employed to reduce or eliminate larger solids, but routine maintenance is necessary in order to prevent a restriction on the suction.

MAINTENANCE

Due to the unique nature of each application, periodic inspection of the pump is the best method to determine a proper maintenance schedule. A record should be kept of all repairs made to an installed pump. This will serve as the best predictor of future maintenance.

Typical maintenance involves replacing of "wear-parts" such as the diaphragms, balls, valve seats and O-rings. Proper maintenance can ensure trouble-free operation of the pump. Refer to repair and assembly instructions for further details.

WARNING Maintenance must not be performed when a hazardous atmosphere is present.

MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

WEEKLY (OR DAILY)

Make a visual check of the pump. If pumped fluid is leaking out of the pump, pipe fittings or muffler turn off pump and schedule maintenance.

EVERY THREE MONTHS

Inspect fasteners and tighten any loose fasteners to recommended torque settings.

Schedule pump service based on pump's service history.



REPAIR AND ASSEMBLY

PUMP WET END REMOVAL

TOOLS NEEDED

- 1) One Wrench, ½ Inch
- 2) Two Wrenches, 7/16 Inch
- 3) Two Wrenches, 3/4 Inch

WARNING Prior to servicing the pump, ensure that the air and fluid lines are closed and disconnected. While wearing personal protective equipment, flush, drain and process liquid from the pump in a safe manner.

WARNING Maintenance must not be performed when a hazardous atmosphere is present.



STEP 1

Using the 1/2 inch wrench remove four "Hex-Head Cap Screws (5/16"-18 x 1"), and four "Flat and Lock Washers (5/16")" from the "Discharge Manifold".



STEP 2

Remove the "Discharge Manifold".



STEP 3

Remove the "O-Ring", "Valve Seat" and "Ball" from the "Discharge Manifold".



STEP 4

Using the 1/2 inch wrench remove four "Hex-Head Cap Screws (5/16"-18 x 1")", and four "Flat and Lock Washers (5/16")" from the "Suction Manifold".



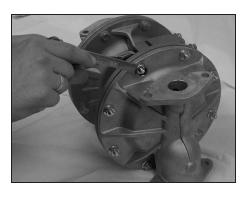
STEP 5

Remove the "Suction Manifold".



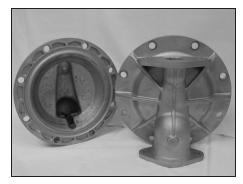
STEP 6

Remove the "O-Ring", "Valve Seat" and "Ball" from the "Outer Chamber".



STEP 7

In order to remove both "Outer Chambers", using the ½ inch wrench, remove eight "Hex Head Cap Screws (5/16"–18 x 1")", and eight "Flat and Lock Washers (5/16")" from each side.



STEP 8

Remove both "Outer Chambers" from the "Intermediate".



STEP 9

Using two ¾ inch wrenches, remove "Outer Diaphragm Plate", "Diaphragm", "Inner Diaphragm Plate" and "Bumper" from one side of the pump.



STEP 10

Placing the ¾ inch wrench on the remaining "Outer Diaphragm Plate", and the 7/16 inch wrench on the "Diaphragm Rod Assembly", remove the remaining "Outer Diaphragm Plate", "Diaphragm", "Inner Diaphragm Plate" and "Bumper" from the other side of the pump.

PUMP WET END ASSEMBLY

To assemble the wet end of the pump, reverse the order of disassembly. Ensure all hardware is fastened in accordance with torque specifications (see page 18). Inverting one of the diaphragms during reassembly will facilitate ease of assembly.

REPAIR AND ASSEMBLY

AIR VALVE REMOVAL

TOOLS NEEDED

- 1) One Wrench, $\frac{7}{16}$ Inch
- 2) One Pick, General Purpose
- 3) One Pair of Pliers

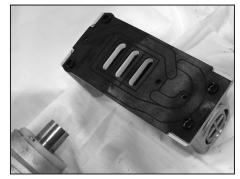
WARNING Prior to servicing the pump, ensure that the air and fluid lines are closed and disconnected. While wearing personal protective equipment, flush, drain and process liquid from the pump in a safe manner.

WARNING Maintenance must not be performed when a hazardous atmosphere is present.



STEP 1

Using the $^{7}/_{16}$ inch wrench, remove four "Hex Head Cap Screws (1/4"–20 x 3")", four "Lock Washers" (1/4") and four flat washers (1/4")".



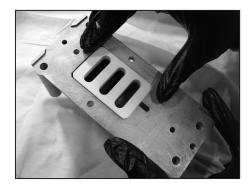
STEP 2

Remove the main "Air-Valve Assembly" from the pump.



STEP 3

Remove the "Air-Valve Gasket" from the main "Air-Valve Assembly".



STEP 4

Remove the "Shuttle Plate" from the main "Air-Valve Assembly".

Note: The smooth shinny side of the shuttle plate should be toward the shuttle car.



STEP 5

Remove the "Shuttle" from the main "Air-Valve Assembly".



STEP 6

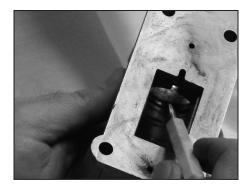
Using the pair of pliers, remove the "Air Valve End Plug" from the main "Air-Valve Assembly".

Ensure the "O-Ring" is installed when reassembling.



STEP 7

Remove the "Air Valve Spool" from the main "Air-Valve Assembly". Note: The shorter piston is to be on the plug side.



STEP 8

Using the pick, remove the "Lip Seal (Air Valve)" from the main "Air-Valve Assembly".



STEP 9

Using the pick, remove the second "Lip Seal (Air Valve)" from the main "Air-Valve Assembly".

AIR VALVE ASSEMBLY

To assemble the air valve, reverse the order of disassembly. During assembly, ensure that the open side of the lip-seals are both facing each other inward. Install the shuttle plate with the smooth/shinny side toward the shuttle car. Lubrication of the air valve assembly, with a non-synthetic lubricant, is recommended. Magna-Lube or Magna-Plate are recommended for assembly lubrication (see detailed parts list for ordering information).

Note that if the lip-seals are installed incorrectly, they will be unable to rotate. Insert the spool, the spool's shorter piston is to be on the plug side, ensure O-ring is enstalled, and then the air-valve end plug into position.

REPAIR AND ASSEMBLY

PILOT VALVE REMOVAL

TOOLS NEEDED

- 1) One Screwdriver, Phillips #2
- 2) Two Wrenches, ⁷/₁₆ Inch

WARNING Prior to servicing the pump, ensure that the air and fluid lines are closed and disconnected. While wearing personal protective equipment, flush, drain and process liquid from the pump in a safe manner.

WARNING Maintenance must not be performed when a hazardous atmosphere is present.



STEP 1

Using the screwdriver, remove three "Phillips Flat-Head Mach Screws" (#6-32 x 7/16) in order to remove the "Retaining Plate".
Repeat for other side of the pump.



STEP 2

Remove the diaphragm rod and the pilot sleeve assembly from the "Intermediate".



STEP 3

Remove both "Lip Seals (Diaphragm Rod)" and both "End Spacers (Pilot Sleeve)" from the pilot sleeve assembly. Remove both "O-Rings (End Spacer)" from both "End Spacers (Pilot Sleeve)".



STEP 4

Remove three "Inner Spacers (Pilot Sleeve)" and four "O-Rings (Pilot Sleeve)" from the pilot sleeve assembly.



STEP 5

Using two 7/16 inch wrenches, disassemble the "Diaphragm Rod Assembly" into its two parts.

Note they are installed with thread locker.



STEP 6

Remove the "Pilot Sleeve" from the disassembled "Diaphragm Rod Assembly".

PILOT VALVE ASSEMBLY

To assemble the pilot valve, reverse the order of disassembly. Should process fluid have contact with the pilot valve O-rings, they should be replaced as swelling may occur and cause irregular operation. During assembly, ensure that the open side of the lip-seals are facing outward. Lubrication of the pilot sleeve assembly, with a non-synthetic lubricant, is recommended in order to facilitate re-assembly into the intermediate. Magna-Lube or Magna-Plate are recommended for assembly lubrication (see detailed parts list for ordering information).

TORQUE SPECIFICATION CHART

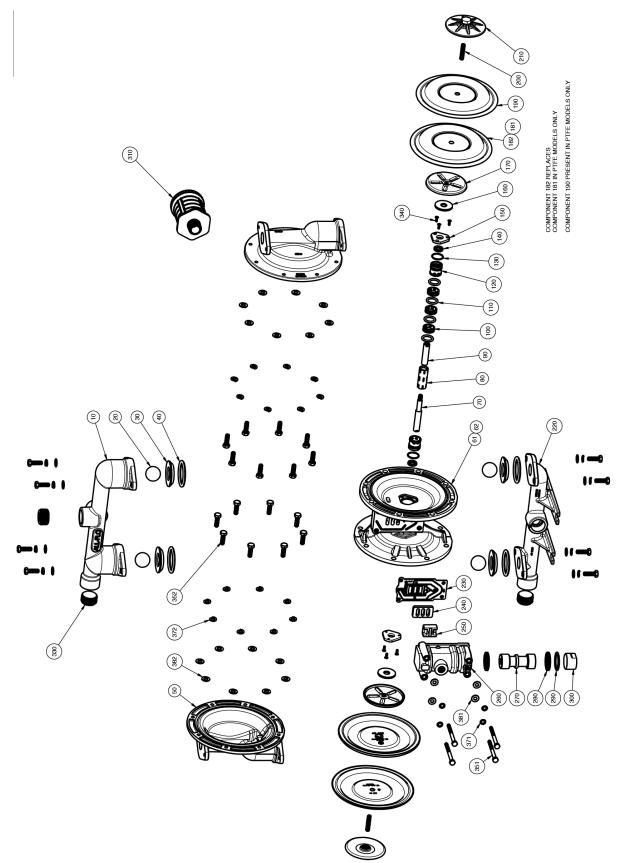
RECOMMENDED TORQUE SPECIFICATIONS

	1" Pumps	Wrench Size
Manifold Bolts	90 in-lbs (10.2 N-m)	1/2"
Chamber Bolts	60 in-lbs (6.8 N-m	1/2"
Air Valve Bolts	40 in-lbs (4.5 N-m)	7/16"
Diaphragm plate	90 in-lbs (10.2 N-m)	3/4"
Diaphragm plate (PTFE)	90 in-lbs (10.2 N-m)	3/4"



EXPLODED VIEW & PARTS LIST

A101-*A*-**** STAINLESS STEEL



PARTS LIST - STAINLESS STEEL A101-*A*-****

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	QT\	PUMP MODEL	PART NO.	MATERIAL
10	DISCHARGE MANIFOLD	1	A101-NA3-***-**	11330-26-NPT	Stainless Steel
			A101-BA3-***-***	11330-26-BSPT	Stainless Steel
20	BALL	4	A101-*A*-*V**-***	11008-13 †	FKM
			A101-*A*-*E**-***	11008-15 †	EPDM
			A101-*A*-*G**-***	11008-19 †	Bunalast™
			A101-*A*-*N**-*** A101-*A*-*S**-***	11008-21 † 11008-23 †	Buna-N
			A101-*A*-*3**-***	11008-25 †	Santoprene® Stainless Steel
			A101-*A*-*T**-***	11008-45 †	PTFE
30	VALVE SEAT	4	A101-*A*-**A*-***	10927-20 †	Aluminum
			A101-*A*-**3*-***	10927-26 †	Stainless Steel
			A101-*A*-**P*-***	10927-39 †	Polyproplyene
<u></u>	O DINO (VALVE CEAT)		A101-*A*-**Y*-***	10927-42 †	Nylon
40	O-RING (VALVE SEAT)	4	A101-*A*-***N-*** A101-*A*-***V-***	11947-11 † 11947-13 †	Nitrile FKM
			A101-*A*-***E-***	11947-15 †	EPDM
			A101-*A*-***T-***	11947-17 †	PTFE
50	OUTER CHAMBER	2	A101-*A3-***-**	10730-26	Stainless Steel
61	INTERMEDIATE	1	A101-*A*-***-***	11526-20	Aluminum
70 & 90	DIAPHRAGM ROD ASSEMBLY	1	ALL MODELS	35005-00	Stainless Steel
80	PILOT SLEEVE	1	ALL MODELS	10105-31 Δ	Acetel
100	INNER SPACER (PILOT SLEEVE)	3	ALL MODELS	10203-40 Δ	Polyproplyene
110	O-RING (PILOT SLEEVE)	4	ALL MODELS	11920-16 Δ	Urethane
120	END SPACER (PILOT SLEEVE)	2	ALL MODELS	10209-40 Δ	Polyproplyene
130	O-RING (END SPACER)	2	ALL MODELS	11923-16 Δ	Urethane
140	LIP SEAL (DIAPHRAGM ROD)	2	ALL MODELS	12000-76 Δ	Nitrile
150	RETAINING PLATE	2	ALL MODELS	12718-54	Nylon
160	BUMPER	2	ALL MODELS	12325-16	Urethane
170	INNER DIAPHRAGM PLATE	2	ALL MODELS	11104-25	Plated Steel
181	DIAPHRAGM	2	A101-*A*-N***-***	10612-11 †	Buna-N
			A101-*A*-V***-***	10612-13 †	FKM
			A101-*A*-E***-*** A101-*A*-G***-***	10612-15 †	EPDM
			A101-*A*-S***-***	10612-19 † 10612-23 †	Bunalast™ Santoprene®
182	DIAPHRAGM, BACKUP (PTFE ONLY)	2	A101-*A*-T***-***	10613-23 +	Santoprene®
190	PTFE OVERLAY (PTFE ONLY)	2	A101-*A*-T***-***	11409-59 †	PTFE
200&210	OUTER DIAPHRAGM PLATE WITH STUD	2	A101-*A3-***-**	11220-26	Stainless Steel
220	SUCTION MANIFOLD	1	A101-NA3-***-**	11331-26-NPT	Stainless Steel
			A101-BA3-***-**	11331-26-BSPT	Stainless Steel
230	AIR VALVE GASKET	1	ALL MODELS	12125-19 ‡	Nitrile
240	SHUTTLE PLATE	1	ALL MODELS	10451-77 ‡	Ceramic
250	SHUTTLE	1	ALL MODELS	10431-32 ‡	Special
260	AIR VALVE BODY	1	ALL MODELS	11619-20 ‡	Aluminum
270	AIR VALVE SPOOL	1	ALL MODELS	10482-31 ‡	Acetel
280	LIP SEAL (AIR VALVE)	2	ALL MODELS	12003-76 ‡	Nitrile
290	0-RING (AIR VALVE END PLUG)	1	ALL MODELS	11913-11 ‡	Nitrile

PARTS LIST - ALUMINUM & STAINLESS STEEL A101-*A*-****

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	QTY	PUMP MODEL	PART NO.	MATERIAL
300	AIR VALVE END PLUG	1	ALL MODELS	11706-20 ‡	Aluminum
310	MUFFLER	1	ALL MODELS	13001-00	Standard
	MUFFLER (METAL)		OPTIONAL	13009-00	Metal
320	N/A				
330	PIPE PLUG	3	A101-NA3-***-***	12265-26-NPT	Stainless Steel
			A101-BA3-***-**	12265-26-BSPT	Stainless Steel
340	SCREW, FLAT HEAD (#6-32 X 7/16")	6	ALL MODELS	12578-26	Stainless Steel
351	SCREW, HEX HEAD CAP (1/4"-20 X 3")	4	A101-*A3-***-**	12516-26	Stainless Steel
352	SCREW, HEX HEAD CAP (5/16"-18 X 1")	24	A101-*A3-***-**	12594-26	Stainless Steel
371	WASHER, LOCK (1/4")	4	A100-*A3-***-**	12350-26	Stainless Steel
372	WASHER, SPLIT LOCK (5/16")	24	A100-*A3-***-**	12313-26	Stainless Steel
381	WASHER (1/4")	4	A100-*A3-***-**	12300-26	Stainless Steel
382	WASHER (5/16")	24	A100-*A3-***-**	12310-26	Stainless Steel
390	N/A				
400	GROUNDING LUG (NOT SHOWN)	1	OPTIONAL	13481-20	Aluminum
	Magnalube® .75 oz.	As l	Required, All Models	13404-00	Grease
* Any (Character				

 $[\]pm$, Δ Only sold as part of assembly

ASSEMBLY PART NUMBERS	PUMP MODEL	PART NO.	MATERIAL
‡ AIR VALVE ASSEMBLY	ALL MODELS	AMK-100-A	Various
230, 240, 250, 260, 270, 280, 290, 300			
Δ PILOT SEEVE ASSEMBLY	ALL MODELS	APK-100-A	Various
80, 100, 110, 120, 130, 140			
PILOT SEEVE ELASTOMER KIT	ALL MODELS	PEK-35005	Various
INCLUDES 100 THROUGH 140			
† WET END REPAIR KIT	A100-*A*-***-***	AWE-100-***-M	Various
20, 30, 40, 181, 182, 190			



ELASTOMERS WETTED ELASTOMERS

BUNA-N (NITRILE)

is a general purpose elastomer used with water and many oils. Temperature range 10°F to 180°F (-12°C to 82°C).

BUNALAST™

is an injection molded thermoplastic material with characteristics similar to Nitrile. Has excellent abrasion resistance. Temperature range -40°F to 266°F (-40°C to 130°C).

EPDM

is a general purpose elastomer with good resistance to many acids and bases. Temperature range -40°F to 280°F (-40°C to 138°C).

SANTOPRENE®

is an injection molded material with characteristics similar to EPDM. Has excellent abrasion resistance. Temperature range -40°F to 225°F (-40°C to 107°C).

FKM

is an elastomer with good corrosion resistance to a wide variety of chemicals. Temperature range -40°F to 350°F (-40°C to 177°C).

PTFE (POLYTETRAFLUOROETHYLENE)

is a thermoplastic polymer that is inert to most chemicals. Temperature range 40°F to 220°F (4°C to 104°C).

Most of the above elastomers are available in FDA approved formulations.

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Santoprene® is a registered trademark of ExxonMobil Chemical Co.

Hytrel® is a registered trademark of DuPont Performance Elastomers L.L.C.

Magnalube® is a registered trademark of Carleton-Stuart Corp.



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WARRANTY. All All-Flo products shall be covered by the standard All-Flo Limited Warranty in effect at the time of shipment. This warranty (which may be modified by All-Flo at any time) provides:

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All-Flo does not warrant any part or component that it does not manufacture, but will assign to the original end-user purchaser of any warranty received by it from the manufacturer, to extent such pass through is permitted by the manufacturer.

REGISTRATION FORM	
Pump Model	Pump Serial Number
Company Name	<u> </u>
Name	Email
Phone # City _	State Zip
Qty of Pumps	Fluid Pumping
How did you hear about us? Existing All-Flo user, Web, Distributor, Magazine	Scan QR code and
	complete form

MAIL TO: All-Flo | Attn: Product Registration 22069 Van Buren Street, Grand Terrace, CA 92313-5651



on mobile phone or visit

https://www.psqdover.com/all-flo/support/warranty-registration



PSG 22069 Van Buren Street Grand Terrace, CA 92313-5651 USA P: +1 (440) 354-1700 F: +1 (440) 354-9466 all-flo.com

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